C Milliman

Benchmark Rates Liquidity Monitor

The Benchmark Rates Liquidity Monitor is a monthly publication by Milliman. This document explains its contents in more detail.

Objective

The goal of the Benchmark Rates Liquidity Monitor is to provide insight on trading activity in interest rate derivatives referencing EUR and GBP benchmark rates. Given the planned discontinuance of some key interest rate benchmarks, there is a need to transition to use of alternative benchmarks. The aim of this monitor is to highlight trends in comparative liquidity in the swap market to assist in planning for this transition. The publication provides a summary of the following information:

- Page 1: monthly trading volume and trade count across EURIBOR, ESTR, GBP LIBOR and SONIA swaps. The starting point is January 2020.
- Page 2: monthly trading volume and trade count ratios across EURIBOR, ESTR, GBP LIBOR and SONIA swaps. The starting point is January 2020. The ratios used are (1) Combined EONIA and ESTR swaps to EURIBOR swaps; (2) SONIA swaps to GBP LIBOR swaps.
- **Page 3:** liquidity insights in EONIA and ESTR swaps trading over the reporting month.

Data Sources

The data is obtained via 2 sources:

- SwapsInfo weekly data. Weekly trends in IRD and credit derivatives transactions reported to the Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (DTCC) and Bloomberg swap data repositories (SDRs). It provides a review of year-to-date and weekly trading volumes of IRD referencing alternative risk-free rates (RFRs) and major interbank offered rates (IBORs).
- SDR/SDRV functions in Bloomberg. It covers in-depth DTCC and MIFID data across interest rate derivatives.

Instruments

The data on interest rate swaps presented in this publication reference the following benchmark rates:

- EURIBOR is the rate at which wholesale funds in euro could be obtained by credit institutions in the EU and EFTA countries in the unsecured money market. There is currently no planned cessation for this benchmark.
- EONIA is a weighted average of the interest rates on unsecured overnight contracts on deposits denominated in euro, as reported by a panel of contributing banks. This is currently defined as ESTR + 8.5bps. This is planned to cease on January 2022.
- **ESTR** reflects the wholesale euro unsecured overnight borrowing costs of banks located in the euro area. This is a new replacement benchmark for EONIA.
- **GBP LIBOR** represents the London interbank funding rates in Pounds at different tenors. Regulators have planned cessation by end 2021. Although, there is a risk that liquidity in this benchmark may fall significantly prior to this date.
- **SONIA** is a rate based on actual unsecured overnight deposit transactions in the Sterling market. This is the planned alternative replacement benchmark for GBP LIBOR.